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Genoua, July 14.

THe French Gallies commanded by the Duke *de Mortemar*, are now at *Porto-fino*; as they went into that Port they discovered two Gallies at Sea, whereupon the General sent two Gallies to see what they were; they proved to be Genoueses bound hither from *Sicily*; The French obliged them to follow the Fleet into *Port*, but after having performed the Salute, permitted them to continue their Voyage. The *Crown* and *Lyon* are arrived here from *Messina*, both bound for the Coast of *Spain*. This week sailed from hence the *Success* for *Venice*, the *Mary* for *Spain*, and the *Castle* for the *Riviera*.

Venice, July 13. The Fleet of this State was, according to our last advice at *Dragomestre*, being in all about 100 Sail; Captain General *Morosini* has changed the resolution he had taken to attack *Lepanto*, upon the advice he received of the good condition that Fortress is in, being provided with all things necessary for its defence. We have an account from *Corfu*, that some Men of War of *Majorca*, who were Cruising in the *Archipelago*, meeting a Convoy of Turkish Saiques laden with Provisions, had taken several of them and dispersed the rest, some whereof took their Course towards *Rhodes*, being pursued by two of the said Men of War, which the Captain Bassa who was at Sea with the Turkish Fleet, having notice of, he sent a Squadron after them, who took the said two Men of War and some Galiots they met in their way. The Troops of *Saxony* were expected on Tuesday last at *Verona*.

From the Camp before Newheusel, July 18. The 4th Instant the Imperial Army commanded by the Duke of *Lorrain* marched from their Camp near *Barkan*; The 6th they encamped on the side of a little River called *Schit*, that falls into the *Danube* near *Comorra*; which they passed the 7th, and came the same day before *Newheusel*. This place is situated in a Plain full of Morás, but in most places passable, having six Bastions lined with very good Stone-work; The Ditch is full of Water between seven and eight foot deep, and about 18 broad, but for Out-works it has only two Half-Moons before the two Gates; The River *Neutra* passes within Pistol-shot of the Ditch, and the Army is encamped between this River and the *Schitvag*, which are both fordable in several places. The Garison as we are assured, consists still of 1800 or 2000 men, and they have a great many Cannon in the place. The 8th the Troops of the Princes of *Lunenburgh* arrived with their Artillery, being between 10 and 11000 men, and encamped on a Line on the left of the Imperial Army; The 9th those of the Elector of *Bavaria* likewise arrived, being about the same number, and encamped on the right. The 10th the besieged, who till then had not given us any disturbance, made a Sally with 500 Horse and Foot, endeavoring to draw our men under the fire of their Ramparts; The Princes *de Conti* and *de la Roche-Sur-Yon*, accompanied with several Volontiers, went presently to charge them, but the General Officers caused them to retire, otherwise there might have been a great many men lost in this occasion: The Prince *de Roche-Sur-Yon* was in great danger, a Cannon Bullet having passed between his Horses Legs, the Prince *de Wirtemberg*, Colonel of the King of *Denmarks* Guards *du Corps*, received a dangerous wound by a Musquet Bullet in the Head, the Prince *de Commercy* was slightly wounded in the Thigh, and four other Volontiers were hurt. The same day the Duke of *Lorrain* observed the place very near, and appointed the chief Attack, which is in the same place where the Turks made theirs, when they took this Fortress from the Christians in the last War. The following night Colonel *Beck* with two Lieutenant-Colonels, two Majors, 10 Captains, as many Lieutenants and Ensigns, and 1000 Men were detached to take several very advantageous Posts; the Enemy made a great fire upon them, but without any considerable effect. The 11th about nine at night three thousand Foot opened the Trenches on the other side of the River, and carried it that night within 80 paces of the Ditch. The 12th at night a Trench was carried from the right to the left like to the first, and we began to raise two Batteries to ruine the Defences of the place. The 13th at night we finished the Work, and made a Redoubt at the head of each Trench, to secure them against the Enemies Sallies. The 14th at night we began a false Attack on the side opposite to the True one. And we made a Parallel which joyned the heads of the two Trenches. The 15th at night we carried on the two Attacks to the edge of the Ditch; And finished a Battery of 18 pieces of Cannon in the middle of the Parallel. The sixteenth in open day a Christian Slave, though with Chains on his Legs, endeavored to escape out of the Town, but three Turks pursued him and cut off his Head; We fired upon them from our Trenches and killed two of them. The 16th at night the Enemy made a continual fire upon us, and besides shot a great many Arrows, and threw Stones; They killed us 15 men and wounded about 30. This day the Enemy have abandoned a Phalanque which covered one of the Gates of the place on the left of our Attack, and at the same time set fire on that side to the Palisadoes, upon which there were 3 or 400 Heads of Christians. The Besiegers are raising Batteries, and making Retrenchments within the two attackt Bastions. To morrow or next day at furthest we shall have 40 pieces of Cannon and 16 Mortars planted against the Town, which with the Blessing of God we hope to be Masters of in twelve or fourteen days. We have intercepted Letters written by the Bassa, who commands in the place, to the Visier of *Buda*, demanding speedy relief. The Duke of *Lorrain* has caused two Bridges to be laid over the *Danube* near *Comorra*, in order to march with part of the Army against the Enemy, in case they should attempt the Siege of *Gran*. We have advice that on the 15th Instant 7000 Turks of the Garison of *Buda* surprized the Lower Town of *Vicegrad*, which they plundered and burnt, putting most of the Inhabitants to the Sword.

Vienna,